

國立中山大學九十七學年度第二學期資工系數位系統期中考試

學號：

姓名：

一、選擇與是非題（每題 4 分，20 分）

- () 1. 對於 Boolean n -cube 而言，下列何者錯誤？ ① represent a Boolean function of n variables ② each vertex represents a minterm ③ each m -subcube of 1-minterms represents a product of $n-m$ literals ④ each m -subcube represents $2m$ minterms。
- () 2. 給一個 truth table，使用 map method 進行 Boolean simplification 包含以下四個步驟：①Generate map ②Find minimal cover ③Select essential prime implicants ④Determine prime implicants，實行順序為①**1342** ②**1432** ③**1423** ④**1234**。
- () 3. 關於 XOR 以及 XNOR，何者錯誤？ ① $x \oplus y = (x \odot y)'$ ② $x \oplus y' = (y \oplus x)'$ ③ $x \oplus 1 = x'$ ④ $x \oplus x' = 0$ 。
- () 4. A prime implicant is a subcube not contained in any other prime implicant.
- () 5. 對於 three-bit message x, y, z 而言，假如 parity bit $P = x \oplus y \oplus z$ 且 parity check $C = x \oplus y \oplus z \oplus P$ ，則 $C = 1$ 代表奇數個資料位元發生錯誤。

二、問答題（80 分）

1. Prove by algebraic manipulation that the following expressions are equivalent.
 $xy+xz+yz = (x+y)(x+z)(y+z)$ (6%)
2. Derive the sum-of-minterms and the product-of-maxterms canonical forms for Boolean function $F(w, x, y, z) = (w+x+y'+z)(w'+x'+z)(y+z)$. Find the standard sum-of-products of this Boolean function. (10%)
3. (1) Using the map method to find the standard sum-of-products and product-of-sums forms of Boolean function $F(w, x, y, z) = w'y'z'+x'y'z'+wyz+x'yz'+wxyz$. (12%)
 (2) Using the map method to find the standard sum-of-products of Boolean function $F(v, w, x, y, z) = \sum m(0, 1, 3, 7, 8, 9, 11, 14, 15, 16, 17, 19, 24, 25, 27, 30)$. (12%)
4. (1) Convert the function $F(x, y, z) = xy'z' + x'yz' + x'y'z + xyz$ into three-input NAND gates. (10%)
 (2) Convert the function $F(x, y, z) = xy + xz + yz$ into two-input NOR gates. (10%)
5. Using the tabulation method, find all the prime implicants, all the essential prime implicants, and all the minimal covers for Boolean function $F(w, x, y, z) = \sum m(0, 1, 5, 6, 8, 9, 12, 13, 14)$. (20%)

Group ID	Subcube Minterms	Subcube value				Subcube Covered
		w	x	y	z	
G_0	(0)	0	0	0	0	
G_1	(1)	0	0	0	1	
	(8)	1	0	0	0	
G_2	(5)	0	1	0	1	
	(6)	0	1	1	0	
	(9)	1	0	0	1	
	(12)	1	1	0	0	
G_3	(13)	1	1	0	1	
	(14)	1	1	1	0	

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Prime Implicant Name	Prime Implicant Expression	Implicant Minterms	Function Minterms							
			0	1	5	6	8	9	12	13